



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according Regulation EC No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Regulation EC No. 1272/2008 (CLP)  
and Commission Regulation EU No. 2015/830

## MC818 MAK SUPEREX

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### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name:	MC818 MAK SUPEREX
Registration number:	not required, the product is a mixture, not a compound
Other means of identification:	not set

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses:	industrial cleaner - aerosol packaging <i>only for industrial or professional use</i>
Uses advised against:	not set

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Distributor:	MAK CHEM International Ltd Ground Floor, The Old Brewery 2 Brewery Court High Street Theale RG7 5AH United Kingdom Tel: +44 (0) 7464 325169 / Email: <a href="mailto:sales@mak-global.org">sales@mak-global.org</a>
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Competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet: Gustav Vigato, Academical Team s.r.o.; Náměstí Přátelství 1518/2; 102 00, Praha - Hostivař; [www.propreklady.cz](http://www.propreklady.cz), [teamprekladatel@gmail.com](mailto:teamprekladatel@gmail.com)

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Toxicology Information Centre, Na Bojišti 1, Praha; Czech Republic; 24-h non-stop: +420-224919293 / +420-224915402.  
Information only on health risks: acute intoxications of people / animals.

### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**General classification of the mixture: the mixture is classified as hazardous in compliance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.**

Important health effects:	The mixture is classified as hazardous for human health. Irritating - causes eye and skin irritation upon direct contact. Inhalation of vapours and aerosols in high concentration can cause airways irritation, head-ache, sleepiness, dizziness and even narcotic effects. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact with unprotected skin can cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness or even cracking. Carcinogenic, category 2 (1272/2008/EU). Suspected of causing cancer. Even small amounts of liquid aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or from vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary edema. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. However, because of the aerosol pressure packages this way of exposure is not expected.
Important environmental effects:	The mixture is not classified as hazardous for the environment. Contains petroleum fractions - the mixture spreads on the water surface - large amount of spilled mixture may limit oxygen supply to the water environment. The mixture is a source of volatile organic compounds and adsorbable organic halogens. The mixture should not enter the environment outside the intended use.

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with 1272/2008/EC:	Aerosol 3 H229	Aerosol, category 3 Pressurized container: May burst if heated.
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		Asp. Tox. 1 H304	Aspiration hazard; category 1 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. <i>(not used for aerosol pressure packages)</i>
		Skin Irrit. 2 H315	Skin corrosion/irritation, category 2 Causes skin irritation.
		Eye Irrit. 2 H319	Serious eye damage/eye irritation; category 2 Causes serious eye irritation.
		STOT SE 3 H335	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, category 3 May cause respiratory irritation.
		STOT SE 3 H336	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, category 3 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
		Carc. 2 H351	Carcinogenicity, category 2 Suspected of causing cancer.
		STOT RE 2 H373	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
<b>2.2</b>	<b>Label elements</b>		
	Contains:	Dichloromethane	
	Hazard pictograms:	 	
	Signal word:	<b>DANGER</b>	
	Hazard statements:	H229 Pressurized container: May burst if heated. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
	Supplemental hazard information:	not required	
	Supplemental label elements for certain mixtures:	not required	
	Precautionary statements:	P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.	
	<b>Other required labeling:</b>	<u>Regulation (EC) No 648/2004 on detergents</u> halogenated hydrocarbons > 30 % aliphatic hydrocarbons > 30 %	



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- 2.3 Other hazards**  
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII; the substances in the mixture are not included in the Candidate List of SVHC.  
Pressurized container: May burst if heated.

### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture of organic solvents in pressurized aerosol packaging (propellant: carbon dioxide).

- 3.1 Substances**  
does not apply
- 3.2 Mixtures**  
Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard within the meaning of the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, assigned a Community/national workplace exposure limit, classified as PBT/vPvB or included in the Candidate List:

Substance <i>REACH Registration number</i>	Content (% w/w)	EC Number CAS Number Index Number	Classification 1272/2008/EC*	Exposure limits
Dichlormethane <i>REACH 01-2119480404-41-xxxx</i>	50 - 54	200-838-9 75-09-2 602-004-00-3	Skin Irrit. 2 Eye Irrit. 2 STOT SE 3 STOT SE 3 Carc. 2 STOT RE 2	H315 H319 H335 H336 H351 H373 Exp. limit (national) see 8.1
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C4 through C11 and boiling in the range of approximately minus 20°C to 190°C (-4°F to 374°F).] <i>without benzene**</i> <i>REACH 01-2119484651-34-xxxx</i>	37.5 - 40	265-151-9 64742-49-0 649-328-00-1	Asp. Tox. 1 <i>without benzene**</i>	H304 Exp. limit (national) see 8.1
<b>Propellant</b>				
Carbon dioxide <i>Exemptions from the obligation to register</i> ***	12 - 13.5	204-696-9 124-38-9 -	Press. Gas	H280 Exp. limit (EU/nat.) see 8.1

\* For full wording of used classification abbreviations and Hazard Statements (H-phrases) see Section 16.  
\*\* The classification as a carcinogen or mutagen need not apply as the substance contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene (EINECS No 200-753-7).  
\*\*\* Exemptions from the obligation to register in accordance with Article 2(7)(a) Regulation EC No. 1907/2006 (REACH).

### SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

- 4.1 Description of first aid measures**  
Observe all user considerations and safety measures stated on the packaging. In case of any unexpected accident, health problem or uncertainty seek medical attention and provide information from this Safety Data Sheet. Unconscious persons place in the stabilized position and observe the breathing. Never give any fluids to unconscious persons.
- |               |  |
|---------------|--|
| Inhalation:   | In case of problems upon inhalation of vapours / aerosols remove affected person from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and call immediately medical emergency. |
| Skin contact: | Immediately remove all soiled or stained clothing. Wash the affected area immediately and repeatedly with soap and water. Use appropriate regenerating cream. Seek medical advice if the skin irritation persists.   |
| Eye contact:  | Keep eyelids open and rinse immediately and repeatedly with copious amount of water for at least 10 - 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Seek medical advice if the eye irritation persists (preferably an ophthalmologist).  |



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Ingestion:	As of aerosol packaging, ingestion is not expected. In rare cases of intended use rinse mouth with water and allow affected person to drink some water or milk (however, only if the person is conscious). <b>Do not induce vomiting!</b> In case of spontaneous vomiting avoid aspiration of the vomits. Immediately get medical attention and show this Safety Data Sheet or product label!
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<b>4.2</b>	<b>Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed</b> The mixture is classified as hazardous for human health. Irritating - causes eye and skin irritation upon direct contact. Inhalation of vapours and aerosols in high concentration can cause airways irritation, head-ache, sleepiness, dizziness and even narcotic effects. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact with unprotected skin can cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness or even cracking. Carcinogenic, category 2 (1272/2008/EU). Suspected of causing cancer. Even small amounts of liquid aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or from vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary edema. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. However, because of the aerosol pressure packages this way of exposure is not expected.
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<b>4.3</b>	<b>Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b> No specific therapy known. Use supporting and symptomatic treatment. Caution is needed during vomiting or stomach lavage. Contains organic solvents / naphtha distillates: risk of serious lung damage/edema following aspiration of the fluid. Be aware of aspiration risk mainly following the ingestion and during vomiting. If the product is believed to have entered the lungs take the person to hospital for immediate care. Ensure medical observation at least 48 hour following the ingestion.
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### SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

<b>5.1</b>	<b>Extinguishing media</b>
	Suitable extinguishing media: water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry-powder, carbon dioxide or other extinguishing gases
	Unsuitable extinguishing media: direct water stream, may spread the fire

<b>5.2</b>	<b>Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture</b> Pressurized container: May burst if heated. Incomplete combustion and thermolysis may produce toxic, irritating and flammable decomposition products (such as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sooth, aldehydes and other products of organic compounds decomposition, hydrochloric acid, and phosgene). Do not inhale smokes.
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<b>5.3</b>	<b>Advice for fire-fighters</b> Fire-fighters should always use standard protective equipment, helmets and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) - risk of irritating, toxic or flammable decomposition products. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel. If possible, try to move the containers from the fire vicinity. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply.
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### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

<b>6.1</b>	<b>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</b> Observe all user considerations and safety measures. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and mucous membranes. All unprotected persons should be restraint. See Section 8 for advice on the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation in closed areas. Do not inhale vapors / aerosols - use appropriate mask with filter against organic gases. Do not manipulate with fire, objects with high temperature and flammable materials. Additional protective measures may be necessary, depending on the specific circumstances and/or the expert judgment of the emergency responders.
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<b>6.2</b>	<b>Environmental precautions</b> Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Avoid entering soil, surface- and ground-waters, drains, cellars or other closed rooms. For aquatic environments: use appropriate floating barrages and adsorbents. In case of serious leakage inform appropriate authorities responsible for environmental protection.
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<b>6.3</b>	<b>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up</b> Collect mechanically and soak up the rests with inert absorbent material (sand, diatomite, kaolin, vapex...); put in appropriately labeled containers with a lid. Ensure thorough ventilation of propellant gases and vapors. Dispose according to valid legislation; send to wastes treatment facility. See Section 13 for appropriate procedures. Wash all areas with large amount of water and appropriate detergent. Contaminated water should not enter drains, surface- and ground-waters, dispose as dangerous waste.
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**6.4 Reference to other sections**  
Adhere to instructions in the section 8 and 13.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

- 7.1 Precautions for safe handling**  
Observe all user considerations, safety measures and exposure limits. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and mucous membranes. See Section 8 for advice on the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. Manipulate carefully to avoid accidental leak. Do not eat, drink or smoke when manipulating with the product. Use only with adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition, do not manipulate in proximity of fire, objects with high temperature and flammable materials.  
  
Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Empty containers may contain flammable or explosive vapours - do not cut / drill. Provide good room ventilation even at ground level (vapours are heavier than air). Keep container tightly closed. Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
- 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**  
Store in tightly closed original and appropriately labeled packages. Store in dry, banded, spaces protected from weather conditions. Ensure appropriate ventilation at the floor level. Keep away from direct sunlight and, heat sources and ignition sources. Recommended storage temperature 5 - 50°C. Do not smoke in storage facility. Keep away from food, beverages and forage. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from strong acid/bases and oxidative compounds.  
  
Containers under constant pressure! Can explode when heated. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/ 122°F.
- 7.3 Specific end uses**  
not specified

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters

Exposure limits (Czech Republic, Government Regulation No. 361/2007 Coll.):

CAS	Substance name	NPEL
64742-49-0	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light <i>as: white spirit</i>	PEL: 400 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> NPEL-P: 1000 mg.m <sup>-3</sup>
75-09-2	Dichlormethane	PEL: 200 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> NPEL-P: 500 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> <i>Note D: exposure is importantly enhanced through skin penetration</i>
124-38-9	Carbon dioxide	PEL: 9000 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> NPEL-P: 45000 mg.m <sup>-3</sup>

Indicative biological limits (Czech Republic, Government Regulation No. 432/2003 Sb., Annex 2): not set

Indicative occupational exposure limit (Directives 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EC and 2017/164/EC):

CAS	Substance name	IOEL
124-38-9	Carbon dioxide	OEL mean (8 h): 9000 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> / 5000 ppm OEL short (15 min): -

Other recommended values: not set

CAS	Substance name	OEL - equivalents
-	-	-

DNEL: not set for the mixture.

PNEC: not set for the mixture.



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### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and mucous membranes. Ensure adequate ventilation. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment:

##### a) Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes. If specific usage involves possibility of eye contact (filling, emergency procedures), use of safety glasses with side shields (EN 166) is recommended.

##### b) Skin protection:

Always use chemical-resistant protective gloves are recommended. If contact with forearms is likely, wear gauntlet-style gloves. CEN standards EN 420 and EN 374 provide general requirements and lists of glove types. Recommended material: fluorinated rubber, nitril-, butyl-rubber, PVC > 0.35 mm. Breakthrough time should be at least the expected contact time. Because of the lack of specific tests, the breakthrough time should be twice the expected contact time. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions. Do not wear rings, watches or other items that should retain the mixture on the skin.

Note: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. Inspect and immediately replace worn or damaged gloves.

##### c) Respiratory protection:

Avoid vapours / aerosols inhalation. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable. Types of respirators to be considered for this material include: half-face filter respirator, type A/P2 filter (European Committee for Standardization (CEN) standards EN 136, 140 and 405 provide respirator masks and EN 149 and 143 (STN EN 14387+A1) provide filter recommendations).

For high airborne concentrations, use an approved supplied-air respirator, operated in positive pressure mode. Supplied air respirators with an escape bottle may be appropriate when oxygen levels are inadequate, gas/vapours warning properties are poor, or if air purifying filter capacity/rating may be exceeded.

##### d) Thermal hazards:

Containers under constant pressure! Can explode when heated.

#### Environmental exposure controls:

Comply with applicable environmental regulations limiting discharge to air, water and soil. Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit emissions. All storage and manipulation areas have to be equipped for the sanitation of possible leakage. See information in sections 6 and 12.

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	value	method / condition
Appearance:	liquid / aerosol	20°C
Colour:	colourless	-
Odour:	characteristic - naphtha / sweet	-
Odour threshold:	information not available	-
pH:	information not available	-
Melting point/freezing point:	information not available	-



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Initial boiling point and boiling range:	information not available	-
Flash point:	information not available	-
Evaporation rate:	information not available	-
Flammability (solid, gas)	information not available	-
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	information not available	-
Vapour pressure:	information not available	-
Vapour density:	information not available	-
Relative density:	information not available	-
Solubility/ies:	insoluble in water soluble in non-polar solvents	water, 20°C
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	information not available	-
Auto-ignition temperature:	information not available	-
Decomposition temperature:	information not available	-
Viscosity:	information not available	-
Explosive properties:	the mixture itself is not explosive	-
Oxidising properties:	no oxidative properties	-

<b>9.2 Other information</b>		
volatile organic compounds (VOC):	100 %	-
total organic carbon (TOC):	0.4223 kg/kg	

### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<b>10.1 Reactivity</b>	Not reactive under normal conditions of storage and use.
<b>10.2 Chemical stability</b>	Mixture is chemically stable under normal conditions of storage and use. Dichloromethane decompose above 120°C.
<b>10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	Reaction with strong oxidants.
<b>10.4 Conditions to avoid</b>	Stable under normal conditions. Keep away from direct sunlight, heat sources and ignition sources. Do not smoke. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122°F.
<b>10.5 Incompatible materials</b>	Strong oxidative compounds, strong acids / bases, alkali metals, nitric acid, perchloric acid, aluminum, powdered metals,
<b>10.6 Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Material does not decompose at ambient temperatures. Incomplete combustion and thermolysis may produce toxic, irritating and flammable decomposition products (such as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sooth, aldehydes and other products of organic compounds decomposition).

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<b>11.1 Information on toxicological effects</b>	
a) <i>Acute toxicity</i>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. No toxicology data for the complete mixture. The classification is based on compounds properties.  Compounds:



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	<u>Dichloromethane</u> LD50, oral, rat: 1600 mg/kg LD50, dermal, rat: > 2000 mg/kg LC50, inhalation, rat: 79 mg/l (2 h)
b)	<i>Skin corrosion/irritation</i> Causes skin irritation. Prolonged and/or repeated skin contact with low viscosity materials may defat the skin resulting in possible irritation and dermatitis. However, these effects are not a reason for the classification.
c)	<i>Serious eye damage/irritation</i> Causes serious eye irritation.
d)	<i>Respiratory or skin sensitisation</i> Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Compounds have no sensitizing potential.
e)	<i>Germ cell mutagenicity</i> Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Compounds have no potential for mutagenicity.
f)	<i>Carcinogenicity</i> Carcinogenic, category 2 (1272/2008/EU). Suspected of causing cancer.
g)	<i>Reproductive toxicity</i> Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Compounds have no potential for reproductive toxicity.
h)	<i>STOT-single exposure</i> May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Inhalation of vapours and aerosols in high concentration can cause airways irritation, head-ache, sleepiness, dizziness and even narcotic effects.
i)	<i>STOT-repeated exposure</i> May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
j)	<i>Aspiration hazard</i> For the liquid content: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or from vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary edema. However, because of the aerosol pressure packages this way of exposure is not expected and the classification is not required.

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The mixture is not classified as hazardous for the environment. Contains petroleum fractions - the mixture spreads on the water surface - large amount of spilled mixture may limit oxygen supply to the water environment. The mixture is a source of volatile organic compounds and adsorbable organic halogens. The mixture should not enter the environment outside the intended use.

<b>12.1</b>	<b>Toxicity</b> No experimental data for the mixture. Based on the composition and calculation method of classification the mixture is not classified as hazardous for the environment.
<b>12.2</b>	<b>Persistence and degradability</b> No data for the mixture. Components are only very slowly biodegradable.
<b>12.3</b>	<b>Bioaccumulative potential</b> No data for the mixture. Components have only low bioaccumulative potential. <u>Dichloromethane</u> log P <sub>o/w</sub> : 13
<b>12.4</b>	<b>Mobility in soil</b> No data for the mixture. <u>Dichloromethane:</u> very mobile in soil
<b>12.5</b>	<b>Results of PBT and vPvB assessment</b> The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII; the substances in the mixture are not included in the Candidate List of SVHC
<b>12.6</b>	<b>Other adverse effects</b> Not known.





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## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose according to valid legislation; send to approved wastes treatment facility. Dispose in accordance with the valid European and national waste legislation.

#### Product disposal

Avoid entering soil, drains, surface- and ground-waters. Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals. Do not dispose as a common household waste. Dispose in a certified hazardous waste facility. According to the European Waste Catalogue waste codes are not specific for product, but for its use. Therefore, appropriate waste code should assign final user according to his specific use.

#### Proposed waste classification, based on common use:

##### *Complete product*

16 WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST

16 05 gases in pressure containers and discarded chemicals

16 05 04 gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing dangerous substances

Hazardous waste: yes

##### *Liquid content only:*

14 Waste Organic Solvents, Refrigerants and Propellants (except 07 and 08)

14 06 waste organic solvents, refrigerants and foam/aerosol propellants

14 06 02\* other halogenated solvents and solvent mixtures

Hazardous waste: yes

#### Contaminated packages:

Always empty the pressurized container. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not dispose as a common household waste. Dispose in a certified hazardous waste facility. According to the European Waste Catalogue waste codes are not specific for product, but for its use. Therefore, appropriate waste code should assign final user according to his specific use. Emptied packages can be recycled.

#### Proposed waste classification, based on common use:

##### *Packages containing rests*

15 WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

15 01 packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste)

15 01 11 metallic packaging containing a dangerous solid porous matrix (for example asbestos), including empty pressure containers

Hazardous waste: yes

##### *Completely empty packages*

15 WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

15 01 packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste)

15 01 04 metallic packaging

Hazardous waste: no

#### **Empty Container Warning**

Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations.

## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**The mixture is classified as dangerous for transport according to ADR/RID/IMDG/ICAO/IATA.**

14.1

**UN Number:** UN 1950





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<b>14.2</b>	<b>UN proper shipping name</b>			
	<i>Road transport ADR</i>	<i>Rail transport RID</i>	<i>International maritime transport IMDG</i>	<i>Air transport ICAO/IATA</i>
	Aerosols, toxic	Aerosols, toxic	Aerosols, toxic	Aerosols, toxic
<b>14.3</b>	<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>			
	<i>Road transport ADR</i>	<i>Rail transport RID</i>	<i>International maritime transport IMDG</i>	<i>Air transport ICAO/IATA</i>
	2	2	2	2
	<b>Classification code</b>			
	5T	5T	5T	5T
	<b>Hazard identification number (Kemler)</b>			
	-	-	-	-
	<b>Labels</b>			
	 2.2	 2.2	 2.2	 2.2
	<b>Other remarks</b>			
	Limited quantities: E0 (1 1) / LQ2 Tunnel restriction code: D Transport category: 2	Limited quantities: E0 (1 1) / LQ2 Tunnel restriction code: D Transport category: 2	EMS: F-D, S-U Marine pollutant: yes	-
<b>14.4</b>	<b>Packing group</b>			
	<i>Road transport ADR</i>	<i>Rail transport RID</i>	<i>International maritime transport IMDG</i>	<i>Air transport ICAO/IATA</i>
	-	-	-	-
<b>14.5</b>	<b>Environmental hazards:</b> no			
<b>14.6</b>	<b>Special precautions for user:</b> not required			
<b>14.7</b>	<b>Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:</b> not transported			

### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

<b>15.1</b>	<p><b>Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture</b></p> <p><u>Relevant legislation European Union:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the , concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)</li> <li>- Regulation EC No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006</li> <li>- Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)</li> <li>- Commission Directive 2000/39/EC of 8 June 2000 establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work</li> <li>- Commission Directive 2006/15/EC of 7 February 2006 establishing a second list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Directives 91/322/EEC and 2000/39/EC</li> <li>- Commission Directive 2009/161/EU of 17 December 2009 establishing a third list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC</li> </ul>
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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according Regulation EC No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Regulation EC No. 1272/2008 (CLP)  
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- Commission Directive (EU) 2017/164 of 31 January 2017 establishing a fourth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC
- European Waste Catalogue
- Council Directive 1999/13/EC of 11 March 1999 on the limitation of emissions of volatile organic compounds due to the use of organic solvents in certain activities and installations
- Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 May 2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products Text with EEA relevance

### Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Designation of the substance, of the group of substances or of the mixture	Conditions of restriction
Dichlormethane <i>REACH 01-2119480404-41-xxxx</i>	Regulation EC 1907/2006, Annex XVII, Article 3 Regulation EC 1907/2006, Annex XVII, Article 57
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C4 through C11 and boiling in the range of approximately minus 20°C to 190°C (-4°F to 374°F).] <i>without benzene**</i> <i>REACH 01-2119484651-34-xxxx</i>	Regulation EC 1907/2006, Annex XVII, Article 3

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment**  
Chemical safety assessment not carried yet

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

a) *Changes made to the previous version of the safety data sheet*  
Not applicable, first edition - version 1.0

b) *Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet*

Press. Gas	Gases under pressure
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard; category 1
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation; category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, category 3
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity, category 2
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2
Exp. lim.	Exposure limit
NPEL	The highest permissible exposure limit ( <i>Slovak Republic</i> )
PEL	Permissible exposure limit (short-term) ( <i>Czech Republic</i> )
NPEL-P	The highest permissible exposure limit (long-term) ( <i>Czech Republic</i> )
OEL	Occupational exposure limit
ACGIH	American Conference of Industrial Hygienists
PBT	Substances persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
vPvB	Substances very persistent and very bioaccumulative
VOC	Volatile organic compound
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration
LD50	Median lethal Dose
LC50	Median lethal concentration
EC50	Half maximal effective concentration
IC50	Half maximal inhibitory concentration
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
RID	International Rule for Transport of Dangerous Substances by Railway
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code



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	ICAO IATA	International Civil Aviation Organization International Air Transport Association
c)	<i>Key literature references and sources for data</i> Original composition from the manufacturer and Safety data sheets of used compounds.	
d)	<i>Methods of evaluating information used for the purpose of classification</i> The mixture was classified by expert judgment and conventional calculations methods in accordance with the Regulation EC No. 1272/2008 (CLP).	
e)	<i>Full wording of used Hazard Statements (H-phrases)</i> H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
f)	<i>Advice on any training appropriate for workers</i> Not applicable for consumer. Before handling, storing or using the present substance for the first time, employees must be informed - common occupational safety training. SAFETY DATA SHEET should always be available at hand.	
g)	<i>Other information</i> This Safety Data Sheet is compiled in accordance with the Regulation EC No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Regulation EC No. 1272/2008 (CLP) and Commission Regulation EU No. 2015/830; and contains information on safety use, occupational health protection, and environmental protection. The information contained herein is given in good faith and is accurate to the best of knowledge at the date indicated above. This particular information applies on the product as supplied and may not be valid in mixtures with other substances. If used for other purposes as identified in this SDS, the distributor is not liable for any damage.  The information given herein in no way dispenses the user from knowing and applying all provisions regulating his activity. The user bears sole liability for the precautions required when using the product. The regulatory texts indicated herein are intended to aid the user to fulfill his obligations. This list is not to be considered complete and exhaustive. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that he is subject to no other obligations than those mentioned.	